HISTORY OF MASOVIAN VOIVODESHIP

THIS PRESENTATION IS ABOUT THE CONTEMPORARY ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT. FOR THE PRE-PARTITION ONE, SEE MASOVIAN VOIVODESHIP (1526–1795).

WHEN THE PROVINCE WAS CREATED?

The province was created on January 1, 1999, out of the former Warsaw, Płock, Ciechanów, Ostrołęka, Siedlce and

Radom Voivodeships, pursuant to the Polish local government reforms adopted in 1998. The province's name recalls the traditional name of the region, *Mazowsze*, with which it is roughly coterminous. However, southern part of the voivodeship, with Radom, historically belongs to <u>Lesser Poland</u>, while Łomża and its surroundings, even though historically part of Mazovia, now is part of Podlaskie Voivodeship.

History- The **voivodeship** was officially created by King Sigismund I the Old on December 27, 1529,

VHERE IS THE MASOVIAN VOIVODESHIP ?



The Masovian Voivodeship is one of 16 voivodeships in Poland Masovian Voivodeship



Masovian Voivodes<u>hip</u>



Masovian voivodeship is located in east of Poland.

It's capital city is Warsaw.

Popular cities in Masovian voivodeship:



Warsaw







Radom



Vistula

Vistula is the longest river in Poland. It has 1023,5 km.





Masovian Voivodeshiplandscapes



Masovia

Mazovian Voivodeship or Mazovia Province is the largest and most populous of the 16 Polish provinces, or voivodeships, created in 1999. It occupies 35,579 square kilometres (13,737 sq mi) of east-central Poland, and has 5,324,500 inhabitants. Its principal cities are Warsaw (1.749 million) in the centre of the Warsaw metropolitan area, Radom (226,000) in the south, Płock (127,000) in the west, Siedlce (77,000) in the east, and Ostrołęka (55,000) in the north. The capital of the voivodeship is the national capital, Warsaw.

MAZOVIAN FORESTS

Mazovian forests are very beautiful. Some of them are very mysterious but we have friendly looking forests too





In Masovia there are many modern cities



 Warsaw is the capitalcitie of Poland.

 Warsaw has many modern attractions



Legend of Wars and Sawa



The story of Wars and Sawamazovian legend

The fishman who was named Wars lived in a village near Vistula river.

Every day he was going to fish in the river. One a day he met a marmaid.

She looked beatiful.



The story of Wars and Sawa -mazovian legend

Marmaid name was Sawa.

Wars and Sawa fell in love. Because of their love was honest they kissed and marmaid lost her fishtail.

Wars and Sawa lived in Wars village and since that moment the village has been named Warsaw.

At present Warsaw is the biggest town and capital city of Poland.



The legend of the Warsaw mermaid



The mermaid is a symbol of Warsaw it is in your city's coat of arms. There are many monuments of the Warsaw Mermaid in our city





1.The Mermaid in the centre of Warsaw's old town.





2.The Mermaid on Vistula river.





3.The Mermaid on the Stanisław Markiewicz viaduct



A long time ago , seas and rivers were inhabited by mermaids. One day one of them swam to the Vistula river. She decided to live by Warsaw's Old Town. Mermaid charmed fishermen with her song and the fisherman swore never to hurt her. One day, a bad man kidnapped Mermaid, but fishermen son rescured her. After that, Mermaid promised to guard the village which is now a big city Warsaw. Since then, the mermaid, armed with the sword and the shield, protects the city nad its inhabitants.

MODERN MASOVIA



Masovian Voivodeship Today - one of the most dynamically developing regions in Poland and in Central-Eastern Europe



Warsaw, the capital of the region is one of the fastest developing cities of the European Union



Warsaw's skyline is ever-changing, with Europe's tallest building, the Varso Tower, being built now.



Masovian voivodeship- a center of science, research, education, industry, infrastructure and business.



Urban architecture, modern and historic

Warsaw is home to many sports & cultural venues.



Here we see the National Stadium and the Copernicus Science Center.



Highway A2 (under construction) will conne<mark>ct</mark> the whole Masovian district with rest of the country.

Warsaw circular road will be ready in 2020 and will ease the heavy traffic in the city.



The Warsaw Metro (Subway) is currently only two lines, but there are plans to build more as the city grows.



The biggest Polish oil refinery is in Płock. It has a huge impact on the city's and region's development. 20.000 people are employed there.



Masovian district has two airports: Okęcie and Modlin. Okęcie airport is the biggest Polish airport. Only in 2017 16.000.000 passengers flew from here.



Modlin airport – is the biggest local airport in the country. Provides connections to many European cities.



Modern Masovia

- The Masovian Voivodeship with it's capital Warsaw, has a lot to offer for tourists or working people.
- It is the developed center of Poland with many exciting plans for future growth.